**VOLUME IV.....NO. 567.** 

CHARLESTON, S. C., FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 14, 1867.

### TELEGRAPHIC.

Our Cable Dispatches LONDON, June 13-Noon.-Consols 949. Bonds 78. LIVERPOOL, June 13-Noon,-Estimated sales to-day 12,000 bales. Uplands 11 all; Orleans

LONDON, June 13-2 P. M .- Consols declined |. LIVERPOOL, June 13-2 P. M.-Cotton firmer Pork declined is. Tallow advanced 3d.

Washington News. WASHINGTON. June 13 .- The formation of the

jury for SURBATT's trial is progressing. The panel will most probably be completed to-day. The Intelligencer of this morning, which is now regarded as the Executive organ, has the following : "We have authority for the statement that, at a very recent consultation of the Cabinet, it was decided that the military officers in command of the five Districts, into which the ten unreconstruct ed Southern States are divided, have no power to remove civil officers deriving their authority from the State governments as now organized. The question, we understand, before the Cabinet, had more immediate reference to the removal of the Governor and other civil officers of Louisians by General Sheridan, but of course will also apply to the action of the other four Commanders. No doubt the forthcoming opinion of the Attorney-General, in accorda with the reasoning of which it is understood the cision referred to was arrived at, will fully justify the legality and propriety of this determination. It scarcely need be suggested that the issuing of orders replacing the deposed officers (which may essary as a consequence of this decision of the Government), would be no ground for an application on the part of ral SHERIDAN to be relieved from the position he holds. Much less would it warrant the inference that the Administration contemplates or desires his removal for his errors. We feel authorized to say that the speculations of sensational journals upon this point, however they they may be attempted to be supported by the imagined political manœuvres on the part of either the friends or the enemies of the General, are without foun-

It is almost certain that the acts of the District Commanders, wherein they have transcended the authority of the law, will be reversed, and the power of Provisional Government be restored, and the functionaries of Provisional Governments will hereafter only be removed by court martial or by act of Congress. This is the decision of the Cab net, Stanton only dissenting by silence. A proba-ble resignation of District Commanders, under these reverses and restraints, was discussed. Such action was apprehended and deploted. The point was made, however, that these District Command ers were soldiers on duty, and however unpleasant the duty, they cannot abandon their posts.

The Internal Revenue receipts to-day amount to nearly \$840,000. Total customs from 1st to 8th inst., nearly \$3,000,000.

The Great Prize Pight. WASHINGTON, June 18.—AARON WOD the fight in sirry-seven rounds. The fight was desperate.

The prize fight party arrived at Acquis Creek at 7 o'clock. The ring was erected on a hill near the rived. 3000 people were present in the amphitheatre. Outrageous conduct was shown on the boat tre. ing down, thieving, robbery and breaking into A number of persons were boldly WM. MULLER was appointed referee. The fight lasted one hour and fifty-five minutes. Sixtyseven rounds were fought, in a most desperate ner by COLLYER, while AABON stood on the delaying drop. COLLYEE came up bold until time was called for the sixty-eighth round, when his strength failed him.

Immediately after the throwing up of COLLYER's sponge Alson fainted in the ring and was laid by the side of COLLYER. Alson had three ribe broken in the fourth before the last round.

Richitoso, June 18. General Schorump has been invited to Lexington, Va., to be present at the inauguration of a statue of Wassington. J. J. Phyllips was arrested to-day charged with the murder of Mart Jana Pirrs, of Caroline county. The dead body was found near Richmond some ten mouths ago, and much excitement was created by the murder. The losses here by COLLYER's defeat were very

Joe Brown's Views. Augusta, June 13.—Governor Brown delivered sch at Milledgeville on the present situation and future prospects of the country. He takes mstruction Act as the only hope of restoration, and denounces the non-active policy of Governor Panny, and others who oppose restotion on the proposed terms. Bonner Parcs, of South Carolina, was murdered

dmen near this city last night.

Mexican News. New ORLEANS, June 13 .- The Picayune has the following: The El Comero, of Matamoras, of the 7th, gives the following as extracts from a letter of the 2d, from Monterey : Mozawon has died of a fever which attacked him after he was wounded. Coernizio, Meritia, and several others, have been shot. According to a letter I have seen from a creditable person in San Louis, the most pro-found silence is preserved as to whit is to be done with MAXIMILIAN. The chief functionaries talk both ways. I have just been told that Mexico was taken at the close of the month.

Brownsville, pronounces Maximilian's letter a forgery. It says it originated with a paper at San

San Francisco, June 13.—The Constitution sailed with a million and \$45,000 in treasure, of which \$804 000 were for New York. Three hundred and sixty Chinese arrived in a

recent vessel Domestic Markets

HOON DISPATCH. NEW YORK, June 13.—Stocks strong. Gold 137 Sterling, on time, 10a10; '62 coupons 110a110 Flour 10a20c. lower. Wheat 1a2c lower. Corn 1c lower Pork dull and declining at \$21.60a21.75. Cotton quiet at 27. Freights steady.

EVENING DISPATCH. Stocks rather heavy. Money, 6a7 per cent. Gold, 974. Cotton firmer; sales 2100 bales, at 27. Flour eavy\_State, \$7 70all 30; Southern, \$11 25al5 50. Wheat dull. Corn declined 1a2c; Mixed Western, new, 98a\$1; old, \$109a110. Provisions firm and steady. Mess Pork \$21 25. Rice firm-Carolina, 114a18. Sugar closed active. Turpentine, 61a62. Rosin, \$3 27 a8 50. Freights firm.

BALTIMORE, June 13. Goffee quiet and steady. Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat in improved demand. Corn dull and declining. White 98a 101c.; Mixed 91a95c.; Yellow 102a105c.; Western Single. Sugar firm and in improved demand. Provisions quiet and steady. Bulk Shoulders 8fc. a9c.; Ribbed Sides 10tc. a11c. Lard dull. Mess Pork nominal at \$234. Whiskey 33a35c., in bond. CINCINNATI, June 18 .- Corn active at 70c. for No.

Plour quiet. Mess Pork \$21 75. Bacon in fair demand. Shoulders 9; Clear Sides 12 a121. Lard , held at 12ja124

NEW OBLEANS, June 18.—Sales 1100 bales, stiffer. Low Middlings 244. Receipts 385. Exports 285. Sugar fair, Lard 12a124. Prime Porto Rico 134. Molasses, no quotations. Flour very dull and unsettled; Super \$10 50a10 75; Choice \$17 75a18. Corn dull; yellow and mixed \$1 10a1 15; white \$1 174a1 20. Oats dull at 95. Pork very dull at \$24. Bacon, fair jobbing business doing. Shoulders at 10; rib bed Sides 12; clear 13;. Gold 363. Sterling 41 a 514; short sight Exchange on New York tai pre-

MOBILE, June 13.—Sales 600 bales; market quiet at 284c. for Middling. Receipts 101 bales. AUGUSTA, June 13.—Cotton dull; sales 25 bales

SAYANNAH, June 13.—Cotton firm, and in fair demand; Low Middlings 231c.; Middlings 25c. Sales the week 2497. Exports 2900. Stock 18,976.

THE WEATHER.-We were visited during the THE WEATHER.—We were visited during the past week with one of the heaviest rains that has allen this season, not one drop of which was needed by the growing crops. The unseasonable cold mentioned last week sail continues, and at the time of this writing, (Monday morning,) fire is acctually necessary to render a sitting-room community of the bush weather—the wet and the cold—must tell upon king Cotton.

Other crops, so far as we have heard, are doing well.—Cherain Advertiser. NEW BOOKS.

Miss Ravenel's Conversion from Secession to Lov-ALTY. By J. W. DeForest, author of "European Ac-quaintance," "Seacliff, etc., etc. New York: Harper & Brothers, 1867. For sale by Messra. E. J. Dawson & Co., Charleston. From the title it will be inferred that this is one of the war novels which for the last two or three

years have been infesting the book shops. Such, ipon reading, we found it to be; but yet not of the ordinary class heretofore printed in Harper's Weekly and Monthly Magazines. Mr. DEFOREST'S is not a stupid book. On the contrary, it is marked with considerable ability. The plot is so very simple that we are almost tempted to assert that there is an entire absence of all plot. It is a narrative, unbroken almost from beginning to end, of the adventures of Dr. RAVENEL, a native of South Carolina, but long a resident of New Orleans, who, at the beginning of the war, fled to the North, be cause he was an abolitionist and a Union man. His daughter Lillie accompanied him. She is a sesionist, "so-called," but in fact cannot be said to have had any political principles, and but little knowledge of the questions at issue. She is governed by impulse, and easily led by those around her; and could have been converted to Buddhism or Islam perhaps quite as easily as to loyalty. The exiles went to the State of Baratria, and re sided at New Boston, the seat of Winslow Uni-

be readily recognized by the reader through this thin disguise. There the RAVENELS, became acquainted with two young men, Capt. Capter and Mr. Colbubne. The former is a Virginian, of a good old family, a graduate of West Point, and what Dr. RAVENEL with holy horror denominates "a man about town," meaning drinking, swearing, gambling, not paying his tailor's bills, &c. Mr. COLBURNE is a model of a New Englander of the better class-we beg pardon-we scarcely know how to express ourselves in view of the intense doctrines of equality pervading that latitude where every man is as good as every other man, if not better. However, Colbunne was an excellent young man ; he is the true hero of the story ; the pink of perfection; a model for all striving and aspiring youths; very much of a milksop, however, and right glad to be rewarded at last even with second-hand wife. Both young men were in love with Miss RAVENEL at the same time; she chose CARTER, the gay and dashing Virginia, West Point Colonel, who fought on the loyal side, because, it is alleged, he deemed it to his interest so to do. The Colonel made a passable husband; for although he would sometimes get very drunk, our author never charges him with going to bed in his boots. But, like ULYSSES, he went to sea in a ship, and, like that wily King of Ithaca, he was ensnared by another Calypso, in the charming form of Mrs. LABUE, a most fascinating New Orleans French Creole, the cousin of Lillie, and PENELOPE was forgotten. After their return to Louisiana from Washington where ULYSSES has been seeking a brigadiership, but finding it not, one of CALYPSO'S letters was found by PENELOPE's father, and ultimately fell into the hands of the virtuous neglected wife herself. Fainting, indignation, &c., separation, return to New Boston. Unvestes is conveniently killed in a battle soon after; and then comes once more on the stage, our spooney Baratrarian hero, Cor-BURNE, behaving all through in the most ridicu-lously absurd manner, and on the last page of the

book marries the "converted" lady. So much for the plot and for the story. Now as author makes a large parade of godliness, there is a total absence of charity all through his volume. His pen is dipped in venom, and if bad blood can be stirred up by a novel, he may fairly lay claim to the honor of having done his best to bring about such a result. Uncle Tom Cabin, in its day, was considered a gross ibel upon the South, but in this respect i fell far short of the work before us. Mrs. STOWE'S novel is a work of art, and, with all its bitterness presents here and there many a redeeming feature of Southern life and character; while here we have a mere party pamphlet, written in the usual style and violent invective of partizan literature. The book, in fact, Judged by the severer canors of proficient cannot be considered a work of art at all. of this;" though the Professors of Winslow are Art is prostituted when it is attempted to press her into service as a party hack. A cotemporary, summing up a "notice" of this novel, remarks: "We will not do the author of this book the injustice of supposing that he was quite foolish enough to publish it at his own expense. We infer there-fore that it has been brought out under the suspices of one of those emightened and philanthropical Tract Societies which abound in the

North."
Dr. RAVENEL is made the mouthpiece of all the rituperation against the South; and had the aucould not have conceived such a character. In act as their almoner. The following is the correspant, to all intents and purposes, this model loyal-pondence between the donors and Dr. Sinks: ist exile is neither more nor less than a cynical old fool. We are criticised in our manners, our morals, our language, in fact contrasted in everything with New England, and such contrast, of course always results to our disadvantage. The author himself is, however, not entirely faultless in taste; far from it; delicacy is not one of his weaknesses Take, for instance, the following sentence: "The young lady listened to the Doctor's story of his self-imposed exile, and to his seroasms upon the people of her native city, with certain pretty little starte and snifts of disapprobation, which reminded Corburne of the counterfeit spittings of a kitten playing ange." Dr. RAVENEL constantly speaks of Louisiana as Ashantee, and styles their language Ashantee English. Mr. DeForest is either a physician or a professor, or both. He makes frequent use of technical terms of medicine, chemistry, etc., and the entire book is inter-larded with college campus and army phrases. An old lady is thus drawn: "Thin-lipped, hollowcheeked, narrow-chested, with only one lung, and an intermittent digestion, &c." "Even her smile was a woful phenomenon, it seemed to be rather a symptom of pain than an expression of pleasure; it was a kind of griping smile, like that of an infant with the colic." This lack of good taste pervades the entire volume. So on the next page we have this questionable metaphor: "He could no more talk and be merry than could that hermaphrodite

soul, whose lean body and cadaverous countenance fronted him on the opposite side of the table."

If the book is a temperance tract, we can understand why so much pains is taken to describe drunken orgies in all their disgusting details. Dozens of times all through the novel, the author enlarges upon this his favorite theme. He tells us how many drinks CARTER OF VON ZANDT took from morning till night, and what those drinks were; also, not unfrequently, what they cost, or, if stolen, which rebel's claret or Otard it was. Then we have a pre-RAPHAELITE description of the conversation, looks, &c., &c., of these drunken sots. All very edifying, certainly in one of Mr. Goven's temperance lectures, but altogether useless and out of taste in a work of art like the one under consideration. Then, we are told, Dr. RAVENEL "did not fancy the bacchanalian New Orleans type of gentility, having observed that it frequently brought itself, and its wife and children

Only wing acquainted with "Ashantee" English, we are frequently at a loss to understand the "WINSLOW" English of our author; as when he says, speaking of young ladies in college towns always flirting with students: "Perhaps by this time she is really attached to him; and that, er habit, or her original taste for romance and, strangers, gives her a cant for life; she never flirts with anything but a student afterwards; can't relish a man who has'nt a flavor of Greek and

Latin." What horrid people those Ashantee Louisianians were, may be inferred from the following : "In smelling of wine and segars," says the author, speaking of Carter, "he had an odor of Louisiana, to which she (Miss R.) had been accustomed from childhood, even in the grave society of her father's choice, and which was naturally grateful to the nome-sick sensibilities of the exiled girl." Next follows a passage of Baratrarian English : "At this moment she entered the room and kissed him with more than ordinary effusion." Of Louisianians "pledging their sacred honor," Dr. RAVENEL in two days 105 bales. Receipts 448. Receipts of delivers himself thus: "It surpasses all the jokes to disturb the equanimity of loyal men, except A. of Joe Miller. To think of those whiskey-soaked, Johnson? A. Johnson, says Kelley, appointed a at as CHEAP RATES, as can be negro-whipping, manslaughtering, ruffians, with a bottle of Louisiana rum in one hand and a cut-o'nine-tails in the other, drunken, swearing, gambling, depraved as Satan, with their black wives and KELLEY should visit that city, and cause him to be mulatto children,—to think of such ruffians pra-shot at!" ting about their sacred honor," etc., etc. And again: "In the country districts, when a young

ting drunk; they take that for granted, and only concern themselves to know whether he gets crossdrunk or amiable-drunk. If the former, they have some hesitation, if the latter, they consent to the match thankfully." And here is the doom: "Their slave-holding Sodom will perish for the lack of five just men or a just idea." [Dr. R. deserted Sodom, not caring to inquire whether four more just men might not have been found—he left New Orleans when it was in peril, after it had fed and clothed and honored him and his for thirty years !] "It must be razed and got out of the way, like any other obstacle to the progress of humanity. It

must make room for something more consonant with the railroad, electric telegraph, printing

press, inductive philosophy, and practical Christ-We have marked many passages all through the book, but our space forbids our continuing these running comments. Suffice it to say, that either Mr. DE FOREST was ignorant of his subject, knew little of Southern life and character, or of negroes, and therefore should not have entered upon wha purports to be a minute portraiture; or, if he is not thus ignorant, the only alternative is, that he wilfully and maliciously traduced the whole white population of the South. It is no excuse for him to say that he disclosed weaknesses, wherever he found them; that he inveighs against derelict Federal Generals, speculating quartermasters, versity. Connecticut, New Haven and Yale, will time-serving, wire-pulling Black Republican Gover nors, cowardly officers, and pothouse soldiers and politicians. For the truth of all these allegations we are disposed to give him full credit, instigated as he no doubt was to the revelation by personal motives. It is otherwise with the indictment we bring against him. He ignorantly or deliberately falsified all that we had of best or noblest. With the one exception of Miss R., the heroine, who is a namby-pamby, ignorant, pert and vulgar girl, but meant to represent a splendid specimen of Southern society, every other Southern woman is either a female Satan, like Mrs. LARUE, or else she

> is "cursing and swearing," "scowling like a flend. Why the book was written, if it had any higher aim than to put money in the author's pocke t, we have not yet been able to learn. It cannot be to do good, for we can see no possible benefit that can accrue to any one from the perusal of this tale of conversion. But we incline to think titillation was the real object. "The Yankees are a great people"-this is the burden of the song. New Englanders, we are given to understand, fought this war, and beat the rebels. Germans are never named, and Irishmen only once for the purpose of a joke; and such fighting as these Barbarians were capable of! Near Port Hudson there was a Yankee fort held by about one hundred and fifty men, in cluding camp followers and negroes, and protected by an insignificant stockade. This the moral New England, temperance hero of our novel defended successfully against two brigades of Texans, killing twice as many men as he commanded, and also

capturing the same number. "The Southern battle yell is full of howls and elpings as of brute beasts, rushing hilariously to the fray," while the "loyal" yell is " all human, this edifying to the little Sunday School children in all Baratraria? So again the story of a negro and a rebel siming at, shooting and killing each other, the last words of the former being "God!' and the rebel dying with "damnation" in his mouth. But enough. The Yankees have gained a to the motive and the execution. Although our the surprise, and they are now looking about for suitable heroes, to place into the niches of the temple of fame, "Captain COLBURNE" is one of these candidates. Whether or not his career is either in whole or in part an antobiography, it is

The book is written with considerable "smartness," abounding in cynical and satirical remarks, some of them witty and pointed, although not true. There is plenty of epigram all through the work. But we solemnly protest against having New England provincialisms put into the mouths of Southern characters, and then have some other Yankee purist come, and put it down to "Ashantee." Our educated people here never say : "Feel sometimes guilty of it.

RELIEF FOR THE DESTITUTE IN SOUTH CAROLINA.

It is pleasing, during the present depression, to note that in all sections, and among all parties North, there is the same feeling of sympathy expressed for their Southern brethren. The employees in the United States Treasury Office, at New York, have recently raised a contribution among themselves for the destitute of the South, and have requested Wm. GILMORE SIMMS, Esq., to

UNITED STATES TREASURY, UNITED STATES TREASURY,
NEW YORK, May 31, 1867.

DEAR SIR: Enclosed you will please find a certificate of deposit for \$315.00, being the contribution of the officers and employees of this office,
for the relief of their destitute brethren of the for the relief of their destitute brethren of the South. As the contributors are desirous that the "widow's mite" should be productive of all the good possible, I respectfully request, in their name, that you will give the distribution your personal supervision.

Wery respectfully.

W. HAWKINS FERRIS.

W. GILMORE SIMMS, Esq., Charleston, S. C.

W. GILMORE SIRMS, Esq., Charleston, S. C.

WOODLANDS, S. C., June 8, 1867.

My Dear Sir: I am sensibly touched by the compliment paid me by yourself and the officers and employees of the Treasury Department of New York. Personally acquainted with most of them as I am, and long since made sensible of their worth and general intelligence, through repeated association and kindness to myself, it is grateful to think that I possess their confidence. I have received the certificate of deposit for \$315, their and your contribution, which you have sent me, and, perfectly well taught in the necessities of our people, I have promptly proceeded to its distribution, in such manner as I have thought best, and in full exercise of the discretion which you have accorded me. You speak of it as the "widow's mite," and the hint thus given has been a guide to my appropriation of it. Our country is filled with widows and with orphans. Among these there are thousands who never clamor about their privations, who suffer and are sulent! But it is impossible wholly to conceal the fact that they do suffer. I have applied your hand-some donation almost wholly to this class of persons in our country districts—my own especially—and all of them, and their circumstances, are some donation almost wholly to this class of persons in our country districts—my own especially—and all of them, and their circumstances, are wholly within my knowledge. Most of them are persons who have been hibitually independant, free of care, accustomed to indulgence, living in comfort if not in the enjoyment of absolute affluence. Many of them now are not merely destitute of help and the attendance of ordinary servants, but, as I believe, suffer from a want of the simplest and most wholesome food. Your donation will be made to relieve from much privation; will afford comforts to revive an exhausted nature; will afford comforts to revive an exhausted nature; to encourage a rapidly declining hope, to say nothing of a faltering faith! What I say of the jew of whom I speak is, I am sad to say, the truth as respects our whole country. And I see no prospect of change or relief, The South, unless the Government shall rise to that highest wisdom in Government shall rise to that highest wisdom in Government. change or relief, The South, unless the Government shall rise to that highest wisdom in Government, which is magnanimity, is destined to be the incubus of the Union. The wisdom of Government can only be shaped by the morals of society. If your people, generally, could feel as those do who, like yourselves, are prepared to recognize humanity, irrespective of politics and party, there would be no difficulty. But I must not trespass upon a doubtful province. It is not to be denied to me, however, that, in the present aspect of the country, I should despond. my better nature prompts me still to hope. You will be so good as to say to my friends and yours, your associates, that their "widow's mite," in my hands, shall not be wasted; and you may assure them also that its good will be gratefully felt and frankly acknowledged; and, under Scripture assurances, you may add that the compensative returns, in blessings, will certainly reach them after "certain days." It will be always grateful to me to serve my people as the agent of such generous friends as tuose whom you so honorably represent.

Very respectfully,

Your obedient and obliged servant,

W. GIL MORE SIMMS.

W. HAWKINS FERRIS, Esq., U. S. Treasury, New York.

THE CHICAGO Times says: "KELLEY has returned to Philadelphia, and has been received by his friends. He does not proclaim, as WILSON did, that all mankind ir he South, white as well as black, are going to vote \_e Jacobin ticket. The inference is that he has some doubts on that point. The only point concerning which he seems to feel positive is, that A. Johnson was the author o the Mobile riot. The riot, he says, was premedithe Mobile riot. The riot, he says, was premeditated; who is capable of premeditating anything will guarantee as good work, and ceipt of an order, by

W. L. CLARK & CO., Chemista, recreant Northerner to a post of profit in Mobile; of course A. Johnson's object in making that appointment must have been to instigate a riot when had in Charleston.

It is estimated that one and a half million of dolfellow is paying attention to a young lady, the pa- lars are employed as railroad capital in the United rents don't ask whether he is in the habit of get States.

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WE ARE OFFERING OUR STOCK OF SUMMER CLOTHING, comprising LINENS, FLANNELS AND

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tures, and solid colors, and BLACK DRESS SUITS, all our own make, at very low prices. FURNISHING GOODS, adapted to the season.

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ORITUARY. PLOWDEN WESTON MAZYCE, infant son of W. St. f. and ANN MAZYCE, died at Weston's Zorland, Wacca-naw, Friday morning, the 7th of June, 1867, aged 13 nonths and 12 days.

DIED, at Woodreve, the residence of Gun. J. B. Ner-Tles, Darlington District, on the 9th of April, HATTIE MARIA, only child of John W. and Anna M. Harmno-row, aged one month. Sweet: the memory of departed friends. Like the mellow rays o the setting sun, it falls tenderly, yet sadly, on our hearts.

## SPECIAL NOTI ES.

\*\* PROPOSALS ARMY SUPPLIES .- OFFICE CHIEF COMMISSARY SUBSISTENCE, SECOND MIL-TARY DISTRICT, CHARLERTON, S. C., June 13, 1867 .ealed proposals (in duplicate) will be received by the 1887, at which time they will be opened, for supplying for the use of the United States Army at this Military Post resh beef on the block. The beef to be delivered under the proposed contract must be of a good and marketable quality, in equal proportions of fore and hind quarter meat (necks, shanks and kidney tallow to be excluded), in such quantities as may be from time to time required, and on such days as shall be designated by the con nanding officer.

The contract to be in force for six months, or such less direct, commencing on the 1st day of July, 1867. Each hid to have consideration must contain the fol

"We, the undersigned, hereby guarantee that should the above bid be accepted, it shall be duly fulfilled ac ording to its true purport and conditions : also, that and dollars, shall be executed.

A printed copy of this advertisement must be affached o each proposal, which must be enclosed in an envelope, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Proj for Subsistence Stores." WM. M. BURNS.

Brevet Brigadier-General and C. S., U. S. A.

NOTICE.—THE STEAMER ELIZA HAN-COX will not leave for Savannah on Saturday, the 15th

Agents Charleston and Sav. Steam Packet Line.

PROPOSALS FOR WOOD .- OFFICE JUNE 10th, 1867,—Sealed proposals will be received at this Office until 12 o'clock noon, on Thursday the 20th furnishing the Quartermaster's Depot in this city with OAK AND PINE WOOD, from July 1st, 1867, to Donent Wharf in this city, at such times and in such quantitles as may be required by the Depot Quartermas ter. The wood delivered must be thoroughly seasoned and of Merchantable quality. Bidders will state the pri-per cord of the kind of wood they propose to furnish. Two good sureties in the sum of one thousand dollar Contract. Bids deemed unreasonable will be rejected. Proposals must be addressed to the undersigned and narked " Proposals for furnishing Wood."

J. D. STUBBS. Brevt. Lieut. Col. & A. Q. M.

June 10 TO THE PUBLIC.-THE JEWISH CON-GREGATION (Berith Shalom) was organized in this city about ten years ago, and for temporary purposes con-structed a small building near the corner of St. Philip and Calloun streets. In this humble House of God they have ever since worshipped. It was their design fro a larger edifice, more commodious, and more in consonance with the wants of the present age. But their savings were all swept away by the war, and nearly three

The new house of worship is much needed, there being constant applications from new memb .rs, but no room to accommodate them. The services of this congregathe Polish) Minkag. And this is the only synsgogue in Charleston in which Israelites from Continental Europe can worship the God of their fathers in precisely the

terprise unaided. They have the ground for the new They therefore solicit segistance from their brothren and friends everywhere; both from those of the House of srael, and from all others, of whatever faith or nation ; believing that the Great Author of all good will prompt many to step forward, and help them in this their time of need. They are extremely solicitous to finish their new bu'lding before next Rosh Hashanah (September 30), as there is every reason to expect a large accession of worshippers, far befond the capacity of the present small

The new synagogue will be a large and handsome though not expensive, structure. Subscriptions or dona-tions will be gratefully received by any of the undersign-

B. A. WEINBERG, President. G. COHEN, Vice-President. P. JACOBY, Secretary.

L. RICH, Treasurer. June 11 WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE E. M. WHITING, Esq., as a candidate for Sheriff of Charleston (Judicial) District, at the next election.

ARTIFICIAL EYES .- ARTIFICIAL HU-MAN EYES made to order and inserted by Drs. F. BAUCH and P. GOUGLEMANN (formerly employed by BOISSONNEAU, of Paris), No. 599 Broadway, New York.

THE GRAVEST MALADIES OF YOUTH AND EARLY MANHOOD.—HOWARD ASSOCIATION ESSAYS, on the Physiology of the Passions, and the Errors, Abuses and Diseases peculiar to the first age of man, with Reports on new methods of treatment employed in this institution. Sent in sealed letter enelopes, free of charge.

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SPLENDID HAIR DYE is the best in the world. The only true and perfect Dye-harmless, reliable, instantaneous. No disappointment. No ridiculous tints. Natural Black or Brown. Remedies the ill effects of Bad Dyes. Invigorates the hair, leaving it soft and beautiful. The genuine is signed William A. Batchelor. All others are mere imitations, and should be avoided. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers. Factory, No. 81 Barcley street. New York.

BEWARE OF A COUNTERFEIT.

FERRORS OF YOUTH.-A GENTLEMAN who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Pre-mature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free, to all who need it, the receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN,

April 2 2 3mos\* No 42 Codar street, New York. NOTICE TO MARINERS.—CAPTAINS ND PILOTS wishin - to anchor their vessels in Ashley River, are requested not to do so anywhere within direct ange of the heads of the SAVANNAH RAILROAD WHARVES, on the Charleston and St. Andrew's side of the Ashley River; by which precaution, contact with the Submarine Telegraph Cable will be avoided.

S. C. TURNER. H. M.

Harbor Master's Office, Charleston, February 6, 1866. A YOUNG LADY RETURNING TO HER

country home, after a sojourn of a few months in the coarse, rustic, flushed face, she had a soft ruby com plexion of almost marble smoothness, and instead of twenty-three she really appeared but eighteen. Upon inold them that she used the CIRCAS IAN BALM, and considered it an invaluable acquisition to any lady's toilet. By its use any Lady or Gentlemen can improve their per sonal appearance an hundred fold. It is simple in its combination, as Nature herself is simple, yet unsurpass ed in its efficacy in drawing impurities from, also heal ing, cleansing and beautifying the skin and complexion. By its direct action on the cuticle it draws from it all it impurities, kindly healing the same, and leaving the surface as Nature intended it should be-clear, soft, smooth and beautiful. Price \$1, sent by Mail or Express, on re

The only American Agents for the sale of the same 1y March 30

THE CAROLINA TIMES, PUBLISHED AT ORANGEBURG C. H.

THIS PAPER CIRCULATES THROUGHOUT THE middle portion of the State, and offers the bes acilities for advertisers. February 28

SHIPPING.

MOONLIGHT EXCURSION AROUND THE HARBOR.

Saturday Evening, 15th.

THE MOUNT PLEASANT FERRY STEAMER WILL leave Ferry Wharf, foot of Market street, on Saturday Evening, 15th, at 7½ o'clock, on AN EXCURSION ABOUND THE HARBOR, touching at Mount Pleasant

Fare...... June 14 FOR NORTH EDISTO AND ROCK-THE STEAMER

ST. HELENA,

CAPT. JAS. G. RUMLY, WILL LEAVE AS ABOVE FROM PIER No. 2 9th.
Freight received on Monday until sunset.
All Freight to be prepaid.
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JNO. H. MURRAY,
Market Wharf.

OFFICIAL.

Headquarters Second Military District, GENERAL ORDERS No. 32.]

uirements of the "Act to provide for the more efficient got rament of the rebel States," passed March 2d, 1867, an he Act supplementary thereto, passed March 23d, 1867, i eligible to office in the provisional government of North and South Carolina. All persons appointed to office will be required to take the oath prescribed by the Act afore said, and to file the same, duly subscribed and sworn with the Post Commander.

II. All citizens assessed for taxes, and who shall have pai taxes for the current year are qualified to serve as jurors It shall be the duly of the proper civil officers charged with providing lists of jurors, to proceed within their several jurisdictions, without delay, and ascertain the names of all qualified persons and place them on the jury lists, and from such revised lists all jurors shall be her

III. All citizens are eligible to follow any licensed cal ing, employment, or vocation, subject to such impartia regulations as may be prescribed by municipal or other right and the constitution and laws of the United States The bond required as security shall not exceed the pena sum of one hundred dollars. One or more sureties being citizens, and worth in the aggregate double the amount of the bond, over and above just debts, will b

IV. The mayors of cities and other municipal and town officers, and all sheriffs, magistrates and police forces are required to be vigilant and efficient in mainaining order; and in the discharge of their duties they will be expected to co-operate with the military author

ever the ordinary means at their disposal shall not be sufficient to execute their orders, such of the civil offiers, and as many of the citizens within the territorial limits of the military post as may be necessary; and the neglect or refusal of any person to aid and assist in the execution of the orders of the commanding officer wil be deemed a misdemeanor punishable by such fine and mprisonment as may be imposed by a military tribunal, approved by the Commanding General. VI. No license for the sale of intoxicating liquors in

inn-keeper; the number of such licenses shall be deter-mined, an i the fees to be charged for each license shall be prescribed and collected by the municipal or town norities, and appropriated exclusively for the benefit of the poor. If any person shall be found drunk on the premises where liquor is sold the license may be revoked by any magistrate. The tax imposed by the in charge, and does not excuse the party from the observ ance of local regulations, nor exempt him from the pay ment of such other license fees as may be imposed by nunicipal or other competent authority. VII. All contracts hereafter made for the manufacture

sale or transportation, storage or insurance of intoxica ing liquors, shall, within this Military District, b deemed and treated as against public policy, and no civi action, suit or proceeding for the enforcement such contract shall be entertained in any court. streets, or navigable waters, no discrimination because

of color or caste shall be made, and the common right of The violation of this regulation will be deemed a mis demeanor and render the offender liable to arrest and trial by a military tribunal, to be designated by the Con manding General, besides such damages as the injure party may sue for and recover in Civil Courts.

IX. The remedy by distress for rent is abolished. When lands are lessed or let out for hire or rent, cotton, corn, or other produce of the same, when severed from the

and, may be impounded; but the same shall not be re moved. And cotton, corn, or other produce so im pounded, shall be held as security for the rent or hire s claimed, and may be sold in satisfaction of any judg nent for the same: Provided, that any unsatisfie claim for labor bestowed upon the cultivation of suc cotton, corn or other produce, shall in no case be pos oned to any demand for rent or hire; but to the exten of suon claim for labor, there shall be a lien on such co ton, corn or other produce, having preference over any laim for rent or hire,

By command of Major General D. E. SICKLES. Captain 38th U. S. Infantry, A. D. C. and Act. Assist. Adj't. Gen OFFICIAL : ALEXANDER MOORE, Captain 38th Infantry Aid-de-Camp.

OFFICIAL. Headq'rs. Second Military District, CHARLESTON, S. C., May 20th, 1867.

GENERAL ORDERS No. 25.] It appears from sundry petitions and official repr sentations that the present scanty supply of food in the

Carolinas is seriously diminished by the large quantity of grain consumed in numerous distilleries, put up and worked in defiance of the revenue laws of the Unite States; it is represented that few or none of the require ments of law are observed in any of these establishments that the officers of the internal revenue service, while endeavoring to assess and collect the whiskey tax, are enaced with violence; and that when offenders are osecuted in the civil courts, and violations of the in ternal revenue laws indisputably proved, juries fail to convict the parties; it is further shown that this un lawful traffic makes food dearer in places where large numbers are depending upon public and private bounty that the Government is, esides, defrauded of a larg amount of revenue; that the authority of its civil officer is brought into contempt; and furthermore, that t mischief complained of tends to increase poverty, dis order and crime; therefore, in the exercise of the au thority vested in the Commanding General, it is ordere

I. The distillation or manufacture of whiskey or other spirits from grain, is prohibited in this Military District. any person so engaged or employed will be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor. The possession of a still, or other apparatus for this purpose, will be considered presump-tive evidence of a violation of the Bevenue Laws, and the party or parties using the same, or on whose premis. or in whose possession the same may be found, will be arrested and brought to trial before a military tribunal composed of the Commanding Officer of the Post and two officers of the army, next in rank on duty within the territorial limits of the Post. If the exigencies of the service do not permit the detail of other officers, that act will be duly certified and the Post Commander will hear and determine the case.

II. The penalties, punishments and forfeitures prescribed by the severaf acts of Congress for distilling or anufacturing whiskey or other spirits in violation of the revenue laws will be imposed and executed by the military tribunals hereby authorized.

III. No sentence extending to imprisonment, forfeit of stills, liquor or other property, or the imposition of a fine or other penalty will be carried into effect until reported to these Headquarters and approved by the Com-IV. All troops of the United States, Magistrates, Sheriffs

Constables. Police and others in authority, are required, and all citizens are solicited, to be vigilant in detection and prompt in giving information of the violation of these orders. Commanding officers will be held responsible for their enforcement By command of Major-General D. E. SICKES. J. W. CLOUS,

Captain 38th Infantry, A. D. C. & A. A. A. G. Official: ALEXANDER MOORE, Captain 38th Infantry,

Aid-de-Camp. w8 THE SUMTER NEWS. DARR & OSTEEN, Proprietors.

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Apply to JOHN & THEO. GETTY,
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Commander, needs only 450 bales Cotton to
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THE STEAMSHIP E. B. SOUDER, (OF THE PEOPLE'S STEAMSHIP COMPANY,) WILL LEAVE NORTH ATLANTIO
WHARF on SATURDAY, June 15th, at
4 o'clock P. M.
Bills lading must be presented for signature by 2 o'clock of that day.
June 10
RAVENEL & CO.

NEW YORK AND CHARLESTON STEAMSHIP LINE.

FOR NEW YORK, THE SPLENDID SIDEWHEEL STEAMBHIP "MANHATTAN,"

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A3" All outward Preight engagements must be made at the office of COURTENAY & TRENHOLM, No. 44

at the office of OOUBTENAL a state and matters connected with lower Freight will be attended to by STREET BROTHERS & CO., No. '12 East Bay.

STREET BROTHERS & CO., Agents COURTENAY & TRENHOLM, Agents 6

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VIA BEAUFORT AND HILTON HEAD. THE STEAMER

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J. D. AIKEN & CO, Agents,
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W. J. MCKERALL, November 20 THE SUMTER WATCHMAN

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